

Instructions for Periodic Report Concerning Related Entities

General Instructions

1. This form periodic report (“Periodic Report”) on value, profitability, and operations of entities in which the estate holds a substantial or controlling interest (the “Form”) implements § 419 of the Bankruptcy Abuse Prevention and Consumer Protection Act of 2005, Pub. L. No. 19-8, 119 Stat. 23 (April 20, 2005)(“BAPCPA”). This Form should be used when required by Fed. R. Bankr. P. 2015.3, with such variations as may be approved by the court pursuant to subdivisions (d) and (e) of that rule.
2. In a chapter 11 case, the trustee or debtor in possession shall file Periodic Reports of the value, operations, and profitability of each entity that is not also a debtor in a case under title 11, and in which the estate holds a substantial or controlling interest. The reports shall be prepared as prescribed by this Form, and shall be based upon the most recent information reasonably available to the trustee or debtor in possession.
3. Rule 2015.3 provides that, where the estate controls or owns at least a 20 percent interest of an entity, the estate’s interest is presumed to be substantial or controlling. Where the estate controls or owns less than a 20 percent interest, the rule presumes that the estate’s interest is not substantial or controlling. The question of substantial or controlling interest is, however, a factual one to be decided in each case.
4. The first Periodic Report required by subdivision (a) of Rule 2015.3 shall be filed no later than five days before the first date set for the meeting of creditors under § 341 of the Code. Subsequent Periodic Reports shall be filed no less frequently than every six months thereafter, until a plan of reorganization becomes effective or the case is closed, dismissed, or converted. Copies of the Periodic Report shall be served on the U.S. Trustee, any committee appointed under § 1102 of the Code, and any other party in interest that has filed a request therefor.
5. The source of the information contained in each Periodic Report shall be indicated.

Specific Instructions

6. Each entity subject to the reporting requirement of Rule 2015.3 shall be listed in the table contained on the first page of the form. Reports for each such entity shall be placed behind separate tabs, and each such report shall consist of three exhibits. Exhibit A shall provide valuation information; Exhibit B shall provide financial statements; and Exhibit C shall provide a description of operations.

Instructions for Exhibit A – Valuation

7. Provide a statement of the entity's value and the value of the estate's interest in the entity, including a description of the basis for the valuation, the date of the valuation, the valuation method used and the source or preparer of the information. This valuation must be no more than two years old.

Instructions for Exhibit B – Financial Statements and Profitability

8. The financial statements may be unaudited. The financial statements should be prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States ("USGAAP"); deviations, if any from USGAAP, shall be disclosed. Indicate the source or preparer of the information.
9. Exhibit B shall include the following financial statements, and shall indicate the source of the information presented:
 - (a) A balance sheet dated as of the end of the most recent six-month period of the current fiscal year and as of the end of the preceding fiscal year.
 - (b) A statement of income (loss) for the following periods:
 - (i) For the initial report:
 - a. the period between the end of the preceding fiscal year and the end of the most recent six-month period of the current fiscal year; and
 - b. the prior fiscal year.
 - (ii) For subsequent reports, since the closing date of the last report.
 - (c) A statement of changes in cash flows for the following periods:
 - (i) For the initial report:
 - a. the period between the end of the preceding fiscal year and the end of the most recent six-month period of the current fiscal year; and
 - b. the prior fiscal year.
 - (ii) For subsequent reports, since the closing date of the last report.
 - (d) A statement of changes in shareholders'/partners' equity (deficit) for the following periods:
 - (i) For the initial report:
 - a. the period between the end of the preceding fiscal year and the end of the most recent six-month period of the current fiscal year; and
 - b. the prior fiscal year.
 - (ii) For subsequent reports, since the closing date of the last report.
10. The balance sheet contained in Exhibit B-1 may include only major captions with the exception of inventories. Data as to raw materials, work in process, and finished goods inventories should be included either on the face of the balance sheet or in the notes to

the financial statements, if applicable. Where any major balance sheet caption is less than 10% of total assets, the caption may be combined with others. An illustrative example of such a balance sheet is set forth below:

XYZ Company
Balance Sheet
As of _____

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Year to date</u>	<u>Prior Fiscal Year</u>
Cash and cash items	_____	_____
Marketable securities	_____	_____
Accounts and notes receivable (non-affiliates), net of allowances	_____	_____
Accounts due from affiliates	_____	_____
Inventories		
Raw materials	_____	_____
Work in Process	_____	_____
Finished goods	_____	_____
Long-term contract costs	_____	_____
Supplies	_____	_____
LIFO reserve	_____	_____
Total inventories	_____	_____
Prepaid expenses	_____	_____
Other current assets	_____	_____
Total current assets	_____	_____
Securities of affiliates	_____	_____
Indebtedness of affiliates (non-current)	_____	_____
Other investments	_____	_____
Property, plant and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization	_____	_____
Intangible assets	_____	_____
Other assets	_____	_____
Total Assets	_____	_____
<u>Liabilities and Shareholders'/Partners' Equity</u>		
	<u>Year to date</u>	<u>Prior Fiscal Year</u>
Accounts and notes payable (non-affiliates)	_____	_____
Payables to affiliates	_____	_____
Other current liabilities	_____	_____
Total current liabilities	_____	_____

Bonds, mortgages, and other long-term debt, including capitalized leases	_____	_____
Indebtedness to affiliates (non-current)	_____	_____
Other liabilities	_____	_____
Commitments and contingencies	_____	_____
Deferred credits	_____	_____
Minority interests in consolidated subsidiaries	_____	_____
Preferred stock subject to mandatory redemption or whose redemption is outside the control of the issuer	_____	_____
Total liabilities	_____	_____
Shareholders' equity	_____	_____
Total liabilities and shareholders'/partners' equity	_____	_____

11. The statement of income (loss) contained in Exhibit B-2 should also include major captions. When any major statement of income (loss) caption is less than 15% of net income (loss) for the most recent fiscal year, the caption may be combined with others. Notwithstanding these tests, *de minimis* amounts need not be shown separately. An illustrative example of such a statement of income (loss) is set forth below:

XYZ Company
Statement of income (loss)
For the periods ending _____

	<u>Year to date</u>	<u>Prior Fiscal Year</u>
Net sales and gross revenues	_____	_____
Costs and expenses applicable to sales and revenues	_____	_____
Gross profit	_____	_____
Selling, general, and administrative expenses	_____	_____
Provision for doubtful accounts	_____	_____
Other general expenses	_____	_____
Operating income (loss)	_____	_____
Non-operating income (loss)	_____	_____
Interest and amortization of debt discount	_____	_____
Non-operating expenses	_____	_____
Income or loss before income tax expense	_____	_____
Income tax expense	_____	_____
Minority interest in income of consolidated subsidiaries	_____	_____
Equity in earnings of unconsolidated subsidiaries	_____	_____

and 50 per cent or less owned persons	_____	_____
Income or loss from continuing operations	_____	_____
Discontinued operations	_____	_____
Income or loss before extraordinary items and cumulative effects of changes in accounting principles	_____	_____
Extraordinary items, net of tax	_____	_____
Cumulative effects of changes in accounting principles	_____	_____
Net income (loss)	_____	_____
Earnings per share data	_____	_____

12. The statement of cash flows in Exhibit B-3 may be abbreviated, starting with a single figure of funds provided by operations and showing other changes individually only when they exceed 10% of the average of funds provided by operations for the most recent fiscal year. Notwithstanding this test, *de minimis* amounts need not be shown separately. An illustrative example of such a statement of cash flows is set forth below:

XYZ Company
Statement of cash flows
For the periods ending _____

	Year to date	Prior Fiscal Year
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	_____	_____
Cash flows from investing activities		
Capital expenditures	_____	_____
Sale of _____	_____	_____
Other (describe)	_____	_____
Net cash provided (used) in investing activities	_____	_____
Cash flows provided (used) by financing activities		
Net borrowings under line-of-credit	_____	_____
Principal payments under capital leases	_____	_____
Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt	_____	_____
Proceeds from sale of stock	_____	_____
Dividends paid/Partner Distributions	_____	_____
Net cash provided (used) in financing activities	_____	_____
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	_____	_____
Cash and cash equivalents		

Beginning of period	_____	_____
End of period	_____	_____

13. Subject to paragraph 11 above, an illustrative example of such a statement of changes in shareholders’/partners’ equity in Exhibit B-4 is set forth below:

XYZ Company
Statement of changes in shareholders’/partners’ equity (deficit)
For the periods ending

	Year to date	Prior Fiscal Year
Balance, beginning of period	_____	_____
Comprehensive net income		
Net income	_____	_____
Other comprehensive income, net of tax	_____	_____
Unrealized gains (losses) on securities	_____	_____
Foreign translation adjustments	_____	_____
Minimum pension liability adjustment	_____	_____
Issuance of stock	_____	_____
Dividends paid	_____	_____
Balance, end of period	_____	_____

14. The financial information in the financial statements shall include disclosures either on the face of the statements or in accompanying footnotes sufficient to make the information not misleading. Disclosures should encompass, but not be limited to, for example, accounting principles and practices; estimates inherent in the preparation of financial statements; status of long-term contracts; capitalization including significant borrowings or modification of existing financing arrangements; and the reporting entity resulting from business combinations or dispositions. Where material contingencies exist, disclosure of such matters shall be provided.

15. If appropriate, the statement of income (loss) should show earnings (loss) per share and dividends declared per share applicable to common stock. The basis of the earnings per share computation should be stated together with the number of shares used in the computation.

16. In addition to the financial statements required above, entities in the development stage should provide the cumulative financial statements (condensed to the same degree as allowed above) and disclosures required by Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 7, “Accounting and Reporting by Development Stage Enterprises,” to the date of the latest balance sheet presented.

Instructions for Exhibit C – Description of Operations

17. The description of operations contained in Exhibit C of this Form should describe the nature and extent of the estate’s interest in the entity, as well as the business conducted by and intended to be conducted by the entity, focusing on the entity’s dominant business segment(s) including, but not limited to the following as applicable:
- Principal product produced or services rendered and methods of distribution
 - Description of the status of a new product or segment if a public announcement has been made or information publicly disseminated
 - Sources and availability of raw materials
 - Any significant patents, trademarks, licenses, franchises, and concessions held
 - Seasonality of the business
 - Dependence upon a single customer or a few customers
 - Dollar amount of backlog orders believed to be firm
 - Exposure to renegotiation or redetermination or termination of significant contracts
 - Competitive conditions facing the entity
 - Description of properties owned
 - Significant legal proceedings
 - Material purchase commitments
 - Identified trends events or uncertainties that are likely to have a material impact on the entity’s short-term liquidity, net sales, or income from continuing operations
18. The source preparer of the information should be indicated.