



1           As background in this case, on February 21, 2012, the United States  
2 Trustee (“UST”) filed an “Application for Order to Show Cause by the United States  
3 Trustee as to Why the Debtors, James Gray Bennett, Jr. and Kelley Lea Bennett Should  
4 not be Held in Contempt for Failing to Comply with the Consent Order dated February  
5 13, 2012 and why the Case should Not be Converted to a Proceeding Under Chapter 7 of  
6 the Bankruptcy Code” (“UST OSC Application”). The Consent order required the  
7 Debtors to turnover certain insurance proceeds in the amount of \$107,015.38. On  
8 February 28, 2012, the Court held an initial hearing on the UST OSC Application, and  
9 converted the case to a Chapter 7. David M. Reaves was subsequently appointed as  
10 Chapter 7 Trustee. The Court continued the contempt proceedings on the issue of the  
11 insurance proceeds. Subsequent hearings were continued at the request of the UST as the  
12 parties attempted to resolve the matter.

13           On August 28, 2012, the Court entered a “Consent Order Resolving the  
14 U.S. Trustee’s Order to Show Cause Against James and Kelley Bennett for Failure to  
15 Comply with Consent Order and Turnover of Estate Asset in the Form of Insurance  
16 Proceeds Totaling \$107,015.38” (the “Consent Order”).<sup>1</sup> Pursuant to the Consent Order,  
17 the Debtors were to repay to the estate the \$107,015.38 received by the Debtors in  
18 insurance proceeds, said proceeds being property of the estate. The Debtors were to  
19 repay the sum in equal monthly installments of \$5,945.30. The Trustee received only one  
20 single payment from the Debtors in the sum of \$5,945.30, with the Debtors then  
21 defaulting after the first payment.

22           On or about October 4, 2012, Trustee sent written notice to the Debtors of  
23 their default under the Consent Order, and informed the Debtors that the OSC  
24

---

25 <sup>1</sup> See Docket Entry No. 204.

1 Application would be filed if the default was not cured within 15 days of the notice. The  
2 Trustee subsequently filed the OSC Application, and represented to the Court that the  
3 Debtors did not cure their defaults under the Consent Order, and that the current balance  
4 owing under the Consent Order is \$101,070.08.

5 The record reflects that the Debtors did, in fact, receive notice of the OSC  
6 Application and notice of the January 23, 2013 hearing thereon, but failed to appear.  
7 Moreover, counsel for the Debtors informed the Court that counsel had also personally  
8 advised the Debtors of the significance of the January 23 hearing and the need to appear.  
9 According to Debtors' counsel, Mr. Bennitt advised his counsel of his intent NOT to  
10 appear.

11 The Ninth Circuit has held that 11 U.S.C. § 105 grants the bankruptcy court  
12 the power to hold parties in civil contempt. In re Rainbow Magazine, Inc., 77 F.3d 278,  
13 285 (9th Cir. 1996); In re Dyer, 322 F.3d 1178 (9th Cir. 2003); In re A & E Family  
14 Investment, LLC, 359 B.R. 249, 259 (Bankr. D. Ariz. 2007). The bankruptcy court has  
15 the power to enter "necessary or appropriate orders" under its inherent power to impose  
16 sanctions against a party who willfully disobeys a court order or acts in bad faith. 11  
17 U.S.C. § 105; In re Deville, 280 B.R. 483 (9th Cir. BAP 2002). Moreover, the Court has  
18 the power to incarcerate an individual for failure to obey an order of the court until the  
19 offender complies with the order. In re Dyer, 322 F.3d 1178, 1193 (9th Cir. 2003).

20 In this case, the Court finds that the Debtors have willfully disobeyed the  
21 August 28, 2012 Consent Order by failing to make the required installment payments. In  
22 addition, the Debtors have received notice of the OSC Application, and its legal  
23 ramifications, and have failed to appear and respond to the serious allegations made  
24 against them.

25 Based upon the foregoing,

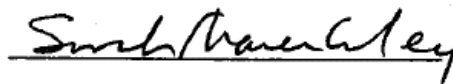
1                   **IT IS ORDERED** granting the Trustee's OSC Application. The Court  
2 certifies that the Debtors are in contempt of the Consent Order.

3                   **IT IS FURTHER ORDERED** that in order to purge this contempt, the  
4 Debtors must pay to the Trustee, on behalf of this estate, **on or before February 22,**  
5 **2013**, the sum of \$101,570.08 (representing the outstanding balance owing under the  
6 Consent Order, plus the sum of \$500.00 to compensate this estate for fees and costs  
7 incurred in connection with the OSC Application), unless other arrangements are agreed  
8 to in writing by the Trustee and the U.S. Trustee.

9                   **IT IS FURTHER ORDERED** that a further hearing shall be held before  
10 this Court on **February 26, 2013, at 1:30 p.m.**, to determine whether the Debtors have  
11 complied with this Order. **The Debtors' failure to purge their contempt on or before**  
12 **February 22, 2013, or to otherwise comply with this Order, shall result in the**  
13 **issuance of a civil warrant for the arrest of the Debtors, among other sanctions.**

14                   **IT IS FURTHER ORDERED** directing the Clerk's Office to provide  
15 notice of this Memorandum Decision to the Debtors, Debtor's counsel, the Chapter 7  
16 Trustee and all interested parties.

17  
18  
19                   DATED this 30<sup>th</sup> day of January, 2013

20                   

21  
22                   Honorable Sarah Sharer Curley  
23                   United States Bankruptcy Judge  
24  
25