ORDERED.

Dated: November 9, 2012



Eileen W. Hollowell, Bankruptcy Judge

3 4 5 6 UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT 7 FOR THE DISTRICT OF ARIZONA 8 9 Chapter 11 In re: 10 SAUNDERS HOTELS, LLC, Case No. 4:11-bk-16203-EWH 11 Debtor. 12 MEMORANDUM DECISION ON PLAN CONFIRMATION 13 14 Saunders Hotels, LLC ("Debtor") filed a Chapter 11 voluntary petition on June 3, 15 2011. Debtor owns the Hampton Inn & Suites Tucson Mall, Tucson, Arizona ("the 16 17 Hotel"). Debtor is primarily owned by NCH Corporation and the HF Saunders Company. 18 LLC, both of which are owned and controlled by Michael Hanson ("Hanson") and 19 Randall Dix ("Dix"). The Hotel is managed by Transwest Properties, Inc., which is also 20 owned by Hanson (45%) and Dix (35%). (Unless stated otherwise, the Hanson and Dix 21 entities will be referred to collectively as "Transwest.") To finance the purchase of the 22 23 Hotel, Debtor took out a loan in the amount of \$10,020,000 ("the Loan") from a 24 predecessor of WBCMT 2006-C27 Oracle Road, LLC ("Lender"), which holds the 25 promissory note ("the Note") evidencing the Loan. The Note is secured by the Hotel and 26 all of its rents, proceeds, and profits pursuant to a deed of trust ("the DOT") and an 27 assignment of rents. 28

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1 On March 2, 2012, Debtor filed its First Amended Plan, and on July 20, 2012, 2 Debtor submitted a version with Non-Material and Non-Adverse Modifications. Debtor 3 submitted additional modifications on July 31 and September 19, 2012. (All 4 modifications will be referred to collectively as "the Modifications," and the First 5 Amended Plan and the Modifications will be referred to collectively as "Debtor's Plan.") 6 7 Among twelve classes of claimants, Lender was the only creditor that rejected Debtor's 8 Plan. However, Lender is the largest creditor by an overwhelming amount; its claim 9 represents 98% of the total claims in this case. The Court held a confirmation hearing 10 on Debtor's Plan on July 30 and 31, 2012. 11

The key provisions of Debtor's Plan provide that: (a) HSL Properties, Inc. ("HSL") 12 13 will invest \$400,000 of new capital ("the New Capital") into Debtor in exchange for 100% 14 ownership of the Reorganized Debtor; (b) HSL will receive a 12% return on the New 15 Capital for so long as payments to Lender and other creditors are made; (c) Lender will 16 receive payments on the secured portion of its claim over a 23-year period at 5% 17 interest amortized over 30 years, with the first three years of payments interest only; 18 (d) other secured creditors with liens on property with residual value will receive the 19 20 current market value of their claims in 60 equal monthly installments at 5% interest; (e) 21 Transwest will be retained to manage the Hotel and receive a management fee 22 subordinate to the return on the New Capital; and (f) unsecured creditors will receive 23 pro-rata distributions from a pool of \$25,000, 5% of the Reorganized Debtor's net cash 24 25 for 10 years, and any estate representative distributions.

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Debtor failed to file and confirm a reorganization plan during the exclusivity period provided by § 1121(b).¹ As a result, Lender filed a competing plan on July 25, 2012 and Non-Adverse Modifications on October 3, 2012 (collectively "Lender's Plan"). Debtor filed an objection to Lender's Plan on September 19, 2012. The Court held a confirmation hearing on Lender's Plan on September 26, 2012 and took the matter under submission.

Lender's Plan is a 100% plan which will pay all creditors in full with interest.
Lender will satisfy its own claim by transferring title of the Hotel and its encumbered
assets to Lender or a designated transferee and retaining a different hotel-management
company than Transwest to operate the Hotel. Lender's Plan anticipates that the new
hotel-management company will retain most of the current Hotel employees other than
the top managers.

15 When evaluating competing confirmation plans, "the court shall consider the 16 preferences of creditors and equity security holders in determining which plan to 17 confirm." 11 U.S.C. § 1129(c). Under both Debtor's and Lender's Plans, the existing 18 19 equity holders would be replaced. As a result, only creditors' preferences need to be 20 considered when choosing between the competing plans. Accordingly, Lender's Plan 21 should be confirmed because it satisfies all of the required elements of § 1129 and 22 provides for the best interests of creditors. Lender's proposed 100% payment with 23 interest offers better treatment to all creditors than Debtor's proposal, which offers 24 25 extended payment terms and exposes Lender (the largest creditor) to an unacceptable 26 level of risk.

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 ²⁸ ¹Unless otherwise indicated, all chapter and section references are to the Bankruptcy Code, 11 U.S.C.
§§ 101-1532. All "Rule" references are to the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure, Rules 1001-9037.

1 A separate order denying confirmation of Debtor's Plan and granting confirmation 2 of Lender's Plan will be entered on this date. 3 Dated and signed above. 4 Notice to be sent through the 5 Bankruptcy Noticing Center to the following: 6 7 Saunders Hotels, LLC 2850 E. Skyline Dr., Ste. 200 8 Tucson, AZ 85718 9 Eric Slocum Sparks 10 Eric Slocum Sparks, PC 110 S. Church Ave., #2270 11 Tucson, AZ 85701 12 David M. Neff 13 Eric E. Walker Perkins Coie LLP ¹⁴ 131 S. Dearborn Street, Ste. 1700 15 Chicago, IL 60603 16 Robert M. Charles Lewis and Roca LLP 17 One S. Church Ave., Ste. 700 18 Tucson, AZ 85701 19 U.S. Trustee's Office 230 N. First Ave. #204 ²⁰ Phoenix, AZ 85003 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 4